The article published by the U.S. Surgeon General in the Journal of the American Medical Association was challenged late in March in the same magazine by Dr. Joseph Berkson of the Mayo Clinic.

Doctor Blasts Report

JOURNAL Winston-Salem,

Linking Smoking, Cancer February 26, 1960

By Pete Ellis

By Peter Of the Approximents performed by the Experiments performed by the Experi

Dr. Rutstein.

"In general, the article (Buriney's) is characterized by an imprecision of language and thought
that renders inaccurate almost
every point it deals with." Dr. Berkson's communication says. In particular, it contains some

frank errors of omission and commission which are misleading with regard to the basic questions

Dr. Burney's article had quoted Dr. Berkson's analysis of statis-

Dr. Berkson's analysis of statistics on lung cancer and smoking.
Dr. Berkson charges that parts of Dr. Burney's presentation "can easily mislead the reader."
The Mayo doctor also takes issue with the surgeon general's comments that "nonsmoking women have about the same lung cancer death rate as nonsmoking men." He said this "almost certainly is not true."

tainly is not true."
"The death rate for men is greater than that for women, not only for cancer of the lung but or cancer of almost every or-gan that is comparable in the two sexes and for virtually every noncancerous disease also."

Dr. Berkson's communication said that "if the Public Health Service believes that tobacco smoke contains chemical carcinogens which cause lung cancer, then the first task of its responsible scientists is to isolate these substances in 'pure culture' and to identify their chemical struc-

ture."
Dr Berkson said that about 85 million dollars has been appro-priated for the National Cancer Institute, "with about 20 million dollars allocated specifically for research in chemotherapy."

He said that as far as he knew.

no monies had been set aside for "carrying out the first steps to be taken to realize the discovery an important cause of lung

"As I have pointed out," he said, "the prospective studies show more excess deaths among the smokers from other causes than from lung cancer, and these

other causes are distributed among all classes of disease."

The current issue of the AMA Journal will be distributed this Journal v

THE NEW YORK TIMES New York, New York February 28, 1960

He Doubts Tobacco Is Main Cancer Cause

> clusion of Surgeon General Le- He singled out Dr. Burney's roy E. Burney that the weight assertion that "nonsmoking of evidence implicates smoking women have about the same as the "principal" cause of the lung cancer rate as nonsmoking increased rate of lung cancer men."
> has been challenged by a Mayo "This, almost certainly, is not

Rochester, Minn., replied to an article by Dr. Burney in the boxaco can be made safe, the individual person's risk of lung cancer can best be reduced by the elimination of smoking."

The Burney article, Dr. Berkson wrote, "las been widely interpreted in the editorial press as an authoritative pronouncement of the Public Health Service and as a definitive opinion on the scientific issues involved contains chemicals which cause in that controversial subject. I beg to present some reasons for doubting each of these valuations."

Burney Challenged

Dr. Berkson first disputed Dr. Burney's statement that he. Dr. Berkson, had noted "not smoking and lung cancer."

Dr. Berkson said he did not merely note this association of smoking with other diseases."

Dr. Berkson said he did not merely note this association of smoking with other diseases.

but had emphasized that "only about 14 per cent of the 'excess deaths' reflected in the higher rate of smokers compared to ON SMOKING LINK rate of smokers compared to nonsmokers were due to lung cancer, while 86 per cent were Mayo Clinic Scientist Says cancer."

ancer."
Dr. Berkson said that Dr. Burney's article, in general, "is characterized by an imprecision special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 27—The con- important point it deals with."

"nonsmoking

has been challenged by a Mayo "This, almost certainly, is not Cilnio scientist. He said more true," Dr. Berkson said, "The serious investigation" was death rate for men is greater needed. "The Journal of for cancer of the lung but for the American Medical Associaciancer of almost every organ tion, Dr. Joseph Berkson of that is comparable in the two Rochester, Minn, replied to an sexes and for virtually every